Bedford Inquirer.

A Weekly Paper, Devoted to Literature, Politics, the Arts, Sciences, Agriculture, &c., &c---Terms: One Dollar and Fifty Cents in Advance.

BY DAVID OVER. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1860. VOL. 33, NO. 41.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine, I, WILLIAM S. FLUKE, High Sheriff of the County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known, and give notice to the Electors of the County aforesaid, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, of Bedford, Pennsylvania, on the

Tuesday after the first Monday, being the 6th day of November, 1860,

At which time, and the places designated, the qualified electors will elect by ballot,

TWENTY-SEVEN ELECTORS

for the State of Pennsylvania, to cast the vote of said State, for President and Vice President of the United States.

I also hereby make known, and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid General Election, in the several Boroughs and Townships within the County of Bedford, are as follows, to wit:

The Electors of the Borough of Bedford and Township of Bedford to meet at the Court House in said Borough.

The Electors of Broadtop township to meet at the School House in Hopewell.

The Electors of Colerain Township to meet at the house lately occupied by Benjamin Kegg, in Rainsburg, in said Township.

The electors of Cumberland Valley Township to meet at the new School House elected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said Township.

The Electors of Harrison Township to meet at shool house No. 5, near the dwelling house of Henry Keyser in said Township.

The Electors of Juniata Township to meet at Keyser's school House in said Township.

The Electors of Hopewell Township to meet at the school House near the house of John Dasher in said Township.

The Electors of Londonderry Township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill as a shop, in Bridgeport, in said Township.

The Electors of the Township of Liberty to meet at the school House in Stonerstown in said Township.

The Electors of Monroe Township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Carnel, in Clearville, in said Township.

The Electors of Napier Township and Schellsburg Borough to meet at the brick school House in the Borough of Schellsburg.

The Electors of East Providence Township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, Jr., innkeeper, in said Township.

The Electors of Snake Spring Township to meet at the School House near the Methodist Church, on lands of John G. Hartley.

The Electors of West Providence Township to meet at the new log School House at Bloody Run in said township.

The Electors of St. Clair Township to meet at the store near the dwelling house of Gideon Trout, in said township.

The Electors of Union Township to meet at the school house near Mowry's Mill in said township.

The Electors of Southampton Township to meet at the house of William Adams in said Township.

The Electors of the Township of Middle Woodberry to meet at the house of Henry Fluke, in the village of Woodberry.

The Electors of South Woodberry Township to meet at the house of Samuel Uster in said township.

The election to be opened between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock in the forenoon, by a public proclamation, and to keep open until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN:

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district and also; that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city or Commissioners of incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time the office or appointment of Judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1849, further provides as follows, to wit:

"That the inspectors and judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before eight o'clock in the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified oter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters for the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill such a vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special, or township election during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of given information to the inspectors, and judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote, at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election and within two years paid a State or County tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months; Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid tax.

"No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless; First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in a failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and either case the reason of such a vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners, and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove within the district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall, make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence undnely or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and to be imprisoned for any time not less than one or more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at Bedford, on the Friday next following the holding of said Election, then and there to perform those things requred of them by law.

Given under my hand, at my office in Bedford, this 28th day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and the 85th of Independence of the United States.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sept. 28, 1860.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY AT PITTSBURG

EXPLOSION AND LOSS OF TWELVE LIVES.—A terrible explosion occurred on Monday week at the machine and marble works of W. W. Wallace, on Liberty Street, in Pittsburg. There were about one hundred men at work in the establishment when the steam boiler exploded with terrible effect. The boiler, it appears, in consequence of the force of the explosion, passed through the entire length of the building, reducing a part of it to a heap of ruins, and then struck a clothing store on the opposite side of the street, (one of the widest in the city,) killing the proprietor, Mr. Robert Barker, who was standing at the door. His head was nearly taken off. The boiler then passed through the rear wall of the store into G. Schwartz's lager beer hall, which it nearly demolished, and a man named Wilbeifer who was in the saloon, was killed. The boiler finally landed in the Presbyterian grave yard, back of the hall, having passed through four solid brick walls, besides tearing a corner out of a house. It was found lying in the grave yard, apparently but little injured. It was located in the rear of the first story of the building where it exploded, and furnished steam for running all the machinery of the establishment. It was 40 inches in diameter, 22 feet in length, and made of quarter inch iron. It carried 60 pounds of steam to the square inch, and was attended to by a boy. It is believed that the water had been allowed to get too low, and that it had been just turned on when the explosion occurred. The following workmen are among the killed: William Burke, Wm. McMurray, T. McCutcheon, W. Agnew, James McCutcheon, Thos. M. DeArmit, James Lafferty, Wm. McMillan, J. R. Hamilton and Lewis Hutchinson. Agnew had his head blown off, and presented a truly horrible spectacle. The others were all more or less mutilated. Several others were badly injured.

Douglas is to carry the following States, the State of——, the State of——, the State of——, the State of——, the State of——, the State of——, the State of——, the State of——, which will give him 000,000,000 majority over all other candidates!

Bell and Everett are to carry the *New York Ledger*.

For the Inquirer.

New York Letter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1, 1860.

FRIEND OVER:—The billows of the political ocean run high and dash over us here from the North, South and West, showing what a storm is rolling over the country. The Democratic party is in chaos. Its motions are the spasmodic convulsions of an expiring inebriate. That great party, which for so many years ruled and almost ruined the nation, now lies on its back, gasping as the last breath is departing. But yesterday the word of the Democracy might have stood against the world; now lies it there, and none so poor to do it reverence. It was pitiable to witness the imbecility and utter demoralization of the party in the long and painful effort to fuse the two factions. To give a certain eclat to the business, and thus dazzle the multitude, the high contracting parties stationed themselves in the magnificent hotels of the city. First came a missive from the Astor House to the Metropolitan, suggesting fusion; then a reply from the Metropolitan accepting and suggesting a plan; then a flare-up from the Astor at the plan. Soon the protocols of the negotiators were dropped, and the fiery missiles flew. The pot called the kettle very black. Confusion reigned in Tammany, and Mozart and war to the knife were proclaimed in those high places. But then a letter came from the St. Nicholas, replete with conciliation. The "Pewter Mug" was suggested—that place so famous heretofore for drowning the sorrows of Democracy, and rubbing up the backs of the unterrified with bad whiskey. Thither the high contracting parties, Messrs. Green and Ben Wood, with their retainers, repaired in the fond expectation that by the generous diffusion of whiskey, and the resultant confusion of their brains, a fusion might be effected. Sure enough! O, thou whiskey! great pacificator of Democracy! The negotiators drank themselves to a fusion. But, alas! the course of true political gambling runs not smooth. Green and Wood were merely chairmen of sub committees; and when they reported to their superiors, the great Mogul of the Douglas Democracy in the State, Dean Richmond, knocked this bantling of the "Pewter Mug" in the head and kicked it out of doors. Thus ended the first act.

The next was a grand fusion meeting at the Cooper Institute. It was given out many days before, that all the great Democratic and Bell-everett guns of the nation would be on hand to swell the general thunder. It was placarded all over the city that a fusion ticket would be then and there announced to the assembled thousands of Gotham; and of course curiosity was on tiptoe. But New York was again doomed to disappointment. No such ticket was proclaimed. Instead, a committee of fifteen was appointed to select a ticket. The fifteen met and adjourned; met again, and adjourned. However, at last they succeeded in patching up a fusion ticket. But the Breckinridge party very generally will discard it.—The fusion between Douglas and Bell previously agreed upon has precipitated thousands of native and naturalized voters from the Democratic and so called Union party into the camp of Lincoln. The day is passed in this State when men can be sold at the political shambles for so much per head. New York will roll up an immense majority for Lincoln. The trading politicians, seeing this, have turned like a school of sharks from New York to Pennsylvania. They calculate that your State, which they call the "d—d Dutch State," can be more easily humbugged. The free-trading merchants in this city, who feel no interest in the industry and welfare of Pennsylvania, who are constantly sneering at the productions of this country, and say there is nothing made here fit to have in the market, who would go on their bellies, and eat dirt all their lives to get Southern trade, and who give their money by thousands to strike down the Tariff of 1842, to crush Pennsylvania's prosperity and keep her prostrate ever since—these men are now again lavishing their money to carry your State. Will glorious old Pennsylvania not send these rascals howling back to their native hell? Will she accept and drain the poisoned chalice? Will she again prostitute herself, and dash out her brains at the bid of these great enemies of her interest? Thaddeus Stevens, the other night, said at the Cooper Institute, "in Pennsylvania every man is a protectionist." Pennsylvanians! There is a conspiracy formed in this free-trade city, by your enemies, to corrupt your ballot box, and make your State stab herself. Everyman to his gun!

D. S. RIDDLE.

A dispatch from Washington says that a land patent has just been issued to Abe Lincoln, the Republican candidate for President, as Captain of the Illinois Militia during the Black Hawk War.

CARL SCHURZ ON DOUGLAS.

Carl Schurz made a long speech in N. York on the night of the 13th ult., in which he devoted himself to the political record and personal pretensions of S. A. Douglas.

After saying that he considered Mr. Douglas "one of the most over-estimated men in the country," and that his political policy must spring either from the protoundest ignorance of the principles upon which the liberty of man is maintained, or an innate love of the principles by which the liberty of men is subverted, he went on to ridicule Mr. Douglas' argument in favor of slavery on account of its furnishing a variety of interests, and thus being one of the safe-guards of our liberties.

In summing up the accounts in the indictment against Mr. Douglas, the speaker made out the following bill:

I arraign him for having changed his position in regard to the Missouri restriction, time and again, according to the interests of slavery.

I arraign him for having broken the plighted faith of the people by the repeal of the Compromise of 1820.

I arraign him for having upheld the most atrocious violations of the ballot-box; for having trampled upon the most sacred rights of the people of Kansas, so long as the struggle between Freedom and Slavery was doubtful.

I arraign him for having committed a fraud upon the people by forging and adulterating the principal of Popular Sovereignty, and making it the machine of Slavery propagandism.

I arraign him for having deserted the cause of Free Kansas when the people, having complied with all reasonable conditions, applied for admission into the Union.

I araign him for having repeatedly made the attempt to disturb the system of constitutional checks and balances, by placing the war-making power in the hands of the President.

I arraign him for having attempted by his conspiracies, a thing more outrageous than the Sedition Law of 1798, to put the liberties of Speech and Press at the mercy of a political inquisition, and to make the judicial persecution of opinions a standard of policy.

I arraign him, lastly, for having attempted to pass off upon the people the doctrines of political philosophy which are an insult to the popular understanding. No, I beg your pardon, I do not arrign him for that, for this is a free country, where everybody has a right to make himself as ridiculous as he pleases, "subject only to the Constitution of the U. States." [Loud laughter.] And yet, I arraign him for that also, for I protest that he has no right to make the Republic ridiculous with him.

In conclusion Mr. Schurz said:

The time of the Baltimore Convention arrived, and the struggle re-commenced. It became at once manifest that Douglas' nomination could not be forced upon the Democratic party without splitting that organization in twain; and he saw clearly enough that then his election would be an impossibility. The South was seceding *en masse*, and leaving the rump Convention to do as it pleased. Then Mr. Douglas, seeing a disgraceful defeat inevitable, wrote a letter to his friends in the convention, requesting them to withdraw his name if they found it in any way consistent to do so. And I declare, if Douglas was ever honest in anything he did or said, I believe he was honest then and there.

But now the moment had arrived when it became manifest that there is justice in history. Douglas' position was disgusting, but his punishment was sublime. Then his friends for the first time refused to obey his command. Those who he had used so often and so long for his own advancement, saw now there was a last chance for using him for theirs. They said to him, "We have performed our part of the contract; now you have to perform yours. We have nominated you for the Presidency; now you have to permit us to be elected Congressmen, Sheriffs, County Clerks, or Constables, on the strength of your name. There is no backing out. Ho! for the spoils!"

"Dost thou think because thou hast suddenly become virtuous,
There shall be no more cakes and ale?
Yes, by Saint Ann! an' ginger hot in the mouth, too!"

And so the saddle of the rump nomination is put upon his back, and the whole ghastly pack of office-hunters jump upon it.

The spurs are put to the flank—the whip applied to the back of the panting, bleeding jade, and so the spectral ride goes, east, west, night and day—and may the steed go to perdition, if only the riders reach their goal.—[Loud applause, cheers and laughter.]

Oh there is justice in his history. He has at least the idol of his dreams—the object of his fondest wishes—for which he has laid so many a treacherous scheme—for which he has turned so many a summersault—for which he has struck so many a blow at the peace of the Republic, for which he so often prostituted himself and his followers, for which he has hugged so many a loafer, and insulted so many an honest man, for which he made every rum-shop his headquarters and every ruffian his friend—he has at last the nomination for the Presidency, but what he has craved as a blessing has come down upon him as a curse; to be nominated and know that an election is impossible! to be voted for, and know that every vote for him is for Breckinridge or Lane, whom he hates, and every vote against him a vote for Lincoln, whom he does not love! To be voted for, and be aware that those who vote for him work not for him but for themselves! To be dead and yet living enough to be conscious of death! Oh, there is justice in history! Am I exaggerating? Where is that mighty leader, whose voice once called millions into the field? At the street corners and cross-roads you see him standing like a blind, downfallen Belisarius—not in virtue, not in poverty—a bevy of political harlots surrounding him, and begging for the miserable obolus of a vote; begging the Know-Nothings, whom he once affected to despise; begging the Whigs whom he once insulted with his brawling denunciations; invoking the spirit of Henry Clay, whom he once called a black-hearted traitor. Oh, but poor Belisarius! The party harlots that surround him with their clamorous begging cry, steal every vote they receive for him, and put it into their own pockets.

Where is the bold, powerful agitator, whose voice sounded so defiantly on every contested field? Behold him on his sentimental journey, vainly trying to find his mother's home and his father's grave, apologizing with squeamish affectation for his uncalled for and indecent appearance in public, like one of the condemned spirits you read of in the myths of by-gone ages, restlessly perambulating the world, condemned to a more terrible punishment than Tantalus, who was tortured by an unearthly thirst, with grapes and water within his reach—more terrible than that of Dannites, who had to pour water into the leaky cask—for he is condemned to deliver that old speech of his over and over again. [Applause.] As often as he arrives at a hotel that has a balcony, as often as his hasty journey is arrested by a spontaneous gathering, when you hear a subterranean spectral voice cry out "my great principle of non-intervention"—that is the dead squatter sovereign atoning for the evil deeds he committed in his bodily existence. [Prolonged laughter and cheers.] Not long ago he haunted the railroad crossing and clam banks of New England; then the cross-roads of the South, and the ghastly apparition was last seen in this neighborhood. [Prolonged laughter and cheers.] Where is that formidable party tyrant whose wishes once were commands; who broke down sacred compromises with a mere srroke of his finger, whose very nod made the heads of those who displeased him fly into the basket; whose very whims were tests of Democracy? Where is he who once like Macbeth, thought himself invulnerable by any man "who was of woman born;" invincible, great.

——"till Birnam wood
Do hie to Dunsinane hill,
Should come against him."

Like Macbeth he has belived the fiends "That paltered with him in a double sense." There he stands, tied to the stake of his nomination.

"He cannot fly,
And bear like, he must fight his course."

But as Birnam Wood marched to Dunsinane, so the very fence rails of Illinois are rushing down upon him (tremendous laughter and cheers,) and, like Macduff, there rises against the spirit of free labor, one whose children he has murdered, and that is a champion "not of woman born. [Laughter.] And now

"On Macduff,
And damned be he who first cries hold—enough."

(Renewed laughter and cheers.) Oh, there is justice in history. (Cheers.)

The same betrayal of the Free Labor cause—the Nebraska bill, which was to be his stepping stone to power, proved to be the abyss which engulphed his honor, his manhood his strength and his hopes. There are those who mean to reverse the judgement of history. Vain undertaking! That man is marked by the hand of eternal retribution. On his very front stands the fatal touch. Do not attempt to arrest the hand of Supreme justice. You cannot save him from his ruin. Why are you so eager to share his disgrace? Leaders of the Douglas Democracy, what means your empty bravado of strength? You cannot deceive others; why are you working so hard to deceive yourselves?—You know that your orators are but endeavoring to galvanize a dead body into artificial life. You are well aware that your mass meeting demonstrations are nothing but huge galvanic batteries at play. What means your desperate attempt to glue your broken fortunes together with those of other parties? Do you think this is the way to cheat destiny out of its dues?—Is it your ambition to have your descendents read in the history of our days there were men living in 1860 that with instincts so depraved that when they could not accomplish that which was evil, they endeavored, at least, to prevent that which was good?

And you who are warned by this sacred voice of conscience that you are doing wrong in adhering to Douglas, and yet obey the command of party, here me: Is this party drill a discipline so omnipotent an idol that you would sacrifice upon its altar your independence, your manhood, and all that constitutes your moral worth?

And you who claim the exclusive privilege of swearing by the Constitution and the laws, will you stamp the evidences of hypocrisy upon your brow by indirectly indorsing him who has done more than any other living man to undermine the Constitution and pervert the laws?—Will you permit your political hucksterers to barter away not only your votes, but your consciences and your honor?

But let the conspirators come on; we defy them. Go on with your coalitions, which are made with the distinct understanding that those who unite to-day are to cheat each other to-morrow. Has it become a ruling principle in your parties that the "rank and file have no rights which the leaders are bound to respect?" You will find out your mistake. Look around you. Do you see thousands leaving your banners, unwilling to submit to your treacherous scheme to rob the people of their elections?—Do you know what that means? It means that the man rises above the partisan. It means the revival of conscience in our politics. It is the true sovereignty of the people vindicating itself. (Cheers.)

Now build up your mole-hills, and call them impregnable fortresses. It seems you do not know how small they are. The logic of things will not roll its massive will over them. Your puny contrivances will leave no trace behind to tell your doleful story.

Sir, only those whose hearts are unmoved by great moral impulses, can fail to see that we are in the midst of a great moral revolution.—They cannot prevent final victory; I firmly believe they cannot retard it. No, they are aiding it in spite of themselves; for their general rottenness demonstrates its necessity. Douglas himself is powerfully promoting its progress. He has taught the people of America a great sublime lesson.

I think it was Senator Pugh who once said that if Douglas were struck down by the South, he would take his bleeding corpse and show it to the youth of the Northwest as an example of Southern gratitude. Let that modern Mark Antony come in with his dead Cæsar, (pardon me, it is neither Cæsar dead nor Mark Antony living,) let him bring in his bleeding corpse, and I would suggest the funeral oration. Let him say to the youth of the American Republic: "This is Douglas. Look at him. For every wound the South inflicted upon him, he has struck a blow at the liberties of his countrymen. Let him serve as a warning example that a man may be a traitor to liberty, and yet not become a favorite of the slave power.—Mark him. By false Popular Sovereignty he tried to elevate himself, a true Popular Sovereignty strikes him down." [Loud Applause.]

If the youth of America profit by this lesson, then it may be said that even Douglas has done some service to his country. [Laughter.]—Then peace be with him—his mission is fulfilled.

THE UNBURIED DEAD OF SYRIA.

Our Syrian correspondent writes that more than ten thousand human bodies still lie upon the side of Mt. Hermon, in full view from the Sea of Galilee and the Mediterranean, upon the Plains of Sidon, the ancient Phœnicia, blackening in the sun, and their blood still cries out to heaven for vengeance. It is an Oriental custom to leave the murdered dead unburied until justice has been satisfied, and and although in Syria the effect of the climate upon a dead body requires its burial within twenty-four hours of the departure of the spirit from its earthly tenement, these bodies have remained unburied and in a complete state of preservation! In the court-yards of the palaces, in the barracks, and wherever the Christian has fallen, there lies the body now, still awaiting the vengeance of Heaven upon the oppressors and the slayers of the Christians of Mount Lebanon.—*Boston Trav.*

Several families from Schroon and Pottersville, Renselaer county, N. Y., last spring removed to Prince William county, Virginia, designing to make their permanent homes in the Old Dominion. Not finding the climate, soil, nor the convenience to mills, churches, schools, post offices, or the customs and enterprise of the people, all they had anticipated, a part of them turned their faces Northward and are back again amid the association of their old homes. They saw just enough of the "peculiar institution" to return sound Republicans, every man of them.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, Oct. 12, 1860.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER—Editor and Proprietor.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

ELECTORS.
HON. JAMES POLLOCK.
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

1 Edward C. Knight,	13 F. B. Penniman.
2 Robert P. King,	14 Ulysses Mercur,
3 Henry Bumm,	15 George Bressler,
4 Robert M. Foust,	16 A. B. Sharp,
5 Nathan Hilles,	17 Daniel O. Gehr,
6 John M. Bromall,	18 Samuel Calvin,
7 James W. Fuller,	19 Edgar Cowan,
8 Levi B. Smith,	20 William M'Kennan,
9 Francis W. Christ,	21 J. M. Kirkpatrick,
10 David Mumma, Jr.,	22 James Kerr.
11 David Taggart,	23 Richard P. Roberts,
12 Thomas R. Hull,	24 Henry Souther,
25 John Greer.	

LOOK OUT FOR THE

Bedford County.

We have achieved a glorious victory, in Bedford County. Foster's majority in the County is about 100—a considerable gain over last year for us. Schell has only 270, instead of from 600 to 800 as himself and friends confidently claimed. Tate has 174 majority, Cessna, for Sheriff, has only about 15! Jona. Fichtner, the People's candidate for Commissioner is supposed to be elected by about 20 majority—the rest of the Locofoco ticket is elected by a small majority. Our own men elected Tate and Cessna, and now have the gratification of hearing Tate crow over them. If Schell had not been on the ticket for Congress, we would have carried every man on our County ticket.—Schell's personal popularity, and his money, saved Tate and Cessna, and if Tate had the generosity he ought to have, he would pay Schell the half of his electioneering expenses, for saving him. Bedford County has done gloriously, and she will give honest old Abe a clear majority on the 6th of November.

CONGRESS—(Unofficial.)

	McPherson.	Schell.
Adams,*	50	
Bedford,		270
Franklin,	718	
Fulton,		147
Juniata,	150	
	918	417
	417	
McPhersons, maj.	501	

*We believe this to be a mistake as we are under the impression that McPherson's majority is at least 100 larger in Adams.

SENATOR—(Unofficial.)

	Wharton.	Scott.
Bedford, about		85
Huntingdon,	400	
Somerset,	1600	
Glory enough.		

Legislature.

Our candidates for the Legislature, Messrs. Ashcom and Schrock, are elected by about 1200 or 1500 majority.

THE BANNER TOWNSHIP.—Middle Woodberry Township is undoubtedly the Banner Township in this campaign. She gained about 87 votes over last year. Our other Townships, particularly St. Clair, South Woodberry, Union, Snake Springs, the two Providences, Monroe, and Liberty did nobly. If two or three of the other districts had done as well, we would have carried the whole ticket.

Will our friend of the *Gazette* be so kind as to loan us his rooster? We wan't to have a big crow.

We will publish the official returns of Bedford County in our next.

"We have met the enemy and they are ours!"

GLORIOUS VICTORY!

CURTIN ELECTED GOVERNOR BY ABOUT 25,000 MAJORITY OVER ALL THE CORRUPT COMBINATIONS!

Pennsylvania declares for Protection and Free Territories!

Twenty Congressmen elected, both branches of the Legislature secured, insuring a U. S. Senator in place of Bigler.

OLD ABE IS COMING!

Clear the Track, Free Traders!

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.

Lycoming county, Curtin's majority estimated at 150, Democratic loss 509.

LUZERNE CO.—6 townships Curtin 100 maj Dem. loss, 95.

BERKS CO.—Part of Reading and four townships gain, 364.

Additional city, 8th ward, Curtin, 1198, Foster, 1622, 22nd ward, Curtin, 1746, Foster 1286; 20th ward, Curtin, 2496, Foster 2363; 18th ward, Curtin, 1974, Foster, 1262, 17th ward, Curtin, 1102, Foster, 1925; 19th ward, Curtin, 2361, Foster, 2516; 15th and 21st wards yet to hear from.

GREENSBURG, Oct. 10, 1860.

Westmoreland gives Foster four hundred and fifty majority.

Covode elected by two thousand. Our Assembly ticket elected.

MIFFLIN, Oct. 10.

Juniata county gives about one hundred and fifty majority for McPherson.

PHILA. Oct. 10.

Returns received from all but 8 wards.—Democratic majority estimated at 2,500 to 3,000.

Lehman, Dem., elected to Congress in the 1st District. Morris, Rep. 2d District. Verree, Rep. 3d; Kelly, Rep. 4th; Davis, Rep. 5th.

In the Legislative Districts, 1st Republicans gain a member; 2d loss one; 3d Dem. re-elected; 4th doubtful; 5th Rep. re-elected; 6th, 7th and 8th ditto; 9th Rep's. gain a member; 10th doubtful against Republicans; 11th Rep. re-elected; 12th ditto; 13th doubtful; 14th Rep's. gain a member; 15th Rep's. keep; 16th ditto; 17th ditto.

Vote in 21 ward, Curtin 1904, Foster 2513—3rd Ward Curtin 1095, Foster 1641, 18th Curtin 1211, Foster 1173, incomplete—23d Curtin 1865, Foster 1820.

NORTHAMPTON Co., Oct. 9.

Foster 43—Democratic loss.

PERRY Co., Oct. 9.

Duncannon Borough, Curtin 115 majority.

Union County will give Curtin 800 majority, Democratic loss 200.

LANCASTER, Oct. 9.

Democratic gain, 600. In four other Townships Dem. loss is 341.

JOHNSTOWN, Oct. 9.

Majority for Curtin, 112.

PHILA. Oct. 10.

The People's party have elected their whole ticket, and carried the first, second, third and fourth ward Congressional districts, also their Senator in the first district, and gained one on the Legislative ticket. Curtin's majority in the State may reach 20,000.

PHILA., Oct. 9.

The following are majorities for Curtin in the counties named: Union, 800, Lehigh, 800, Dauphin, 1200, Schuylkill, 800, Allegheny, 6500, Lebanon, 1200, Erie, 2300, Lancaster, 5500, Huntingdon, 700, Cambria, 700, Chester 2000.

BLAIR Co., Oct. 9.

Tyrone Borough and Snyder Tp. give Curtin 148 majority.

NORTHAMPTON Co.

Nazareth Borough, Curtin, 1 maj., Democratic gain, 11. Bath borough, Foster 10 maj., Dem. loss, 5. Freemansburg, Foster, 8; Dem. gain, 8. Little Hanover, Foster 48 maj., Dem. gain, 4.

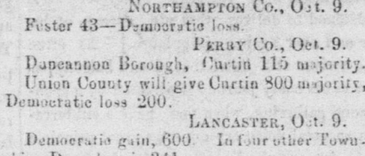
BUCKS Co., Oct. 9.

Doylestown—Foster 23, Dem. loss 5. Durham Tp., Foster 13, Dem. loss, 14.

PHILA., Oct. 10.

The Bulletin says the People's party in the State elect their Governor by from twenty to twenty-five.

They carry eighteen or twenty out of the twenty-five Congressional districts, and have both branches of the Legislature by large majorities. Ohio and Indiana Republican.



AND STILL THEY COME!

INDIANA AND OHIO JOIN HANDS WITH PENNSYLVANIA!

A Perfect Avalanch of Republican Victories!

WE HAVE THE LIGHTNING NOW, LOOK OUT FOR THUNDER IN NOVEMBER!

The following dispatch, from our friend D. J. Chapman, contains the latest news, in regard to the Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio elections.

PHILA. Oct. 11, 1860.

TO INQUIRER:—Additional returns of the election held on Tuesday indicate the triumph Andrew G. Curtin for Governor, by a large majority, probably twenty five thousand. The success of about twenty of the twenty-five Congressmen, and a Republican majority in both branches of the Legislature.

Indiana—The Republican State ticket is undoubtedly elected—majority from five thousand to ten thousand. Eight Republican Congressmen are elected and the Legislature is probably Republican.

Ohio—The Republicans have carried their State ticket by about twenty thousand majority and the probable choice of seventeen Congressmen.

Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of the Schellsburg Black Plumed Riflemen, Sept. 30, 1860. Capt. G. S. Mullin was appointed President, and Wm. J. Smith Secretary. The following preamble and resolutions, in regard to the death of Archibald Finley, were proposed and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, it has pleased Almighty God, in his infinite wisdom, to remove from our midst by the hand of death, our worthy and beloved comrade, Archibald Finley, be it therefore

Resolved, That while we bow in humble submission to the will of God, we can but deeply deplore the departure of him whose death has thrown a deep gloom over all our hearts.

Resolved, That by this sore dispensation of Providence, the company has lost one of its most worthy members, one of its brightest ornaments—in short, a loss that will not soon be repaired.

Resolved, That we unite our sorrow for his death with the bereaved widow and friends of the deceased, and in this sad dispensation we recognize the voice of God, speaking to us, "Be ye also ready."

Resolved, That we attend the funeral in a body, showing to the deceased the usual military respect to which he is entitled, and also that we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and also to both the county papers for publication.

WM. J. SMITH,
WM. Y. POORMAN,
JUSTUS GOLLIPHER,
Committee.

FESTIVAL.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian Church design holding a festival in the Court House, to commence on Tuesday evening, the 16th inst. Refreshments of various kinds will be served.

Hannah Carn, Adam Carn, Henrietta Williamson, Orange Williamson and O. E. Shannon, Esq., Administrator cum testamento annexo of Samuel Carn, deceased, vs. Mary Ann Woods and John George Woods. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford Co., No. 1 Sept. Term, 1860. Partition Docket, No. 1.

Bedford County, ss.

DS The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, To the Sheriff of Bedford County, Greeting:

If Hannah Carn, Adam Carn, Henrietta Williamson, Orange Williamson and O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator cum testamento annexo of Samuel Carn, dec'd make you secure in prosecuting your claim, then we command you, that you summon, by good and lawful summons, Mary Ann Woods and John George Woods, late of your county, so that they be and appear before our Judges at Bedford, at our County Court of Common Pleas, there to be held on the first Monday of September, next, to show wherefore, whereas, the said Defendants hold together and undivided with the plaintiffs, two lots of ground in the Borough of Bedford, situate on the North side of Pitt street, containing one hundred and twenty feet in front, and extending back about two hundred and fifty feet, and numbered in the general plan of said Borough No.'s 184 and 185, and having thereon erected a two story and a-half stone dwelling house store house, warehouse, also three one-story brick offices, stone stable, adjoining lot of Jacob Reed on the east, and lot of George Blymire on the west; and they the said defendants deny that partition thereof be made between them according to the laws and customs of this Commonwealth in such case made and provided, do gainsay, and the same to be done do not permit, very unjustly and against the same laws and customs, as it is said.—And have you then and there this writ, and the names of those summoners. Witness the Hon. F. M. Kimmel, Esq., President of our said Court at Bedford, the 30th day of July, A. D., 1860.

SAM'L H. TATE, Prot.

Attest:
WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sept. 3, 1860, after return by Sheriff of "Defendants not found in my bailiwick," the Court direct publication to be made in two newspapers for six weeks.

By the Court. SAM'L H. TATE, Prot.
Attest.
WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.
Oct. 12, 1860.

BOOT and SHOEMAKING.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by John Bisor, in Bloody Run, where he is prepared to make to order BOOTS and SHOES, of all kinds, of the best quality, and on the shortest notice FOR CASH. Work warranted to please. He respectfully solicits the public patronage.

S. P. LEWIS.
Bloody Run, Oct. 12, 1860-3m.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS letters testimentary, to the estate of Sarah Sparks, late of West Providence township, dec'd, been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands, against the estate of the said deceased, will persent the same without delay, for settlement. JOSEPH FISHER,
Oct. 12, 1860. Executor.

PUBLIC SALE

OF REAL ESTATE,

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, there will be exposed to Public Sale on the premises, on Saturday, the 6th day of October next—the following Real Estate, to wit:

One lot of ground situate in the town of Buena Vista, Bedford co., with a two story frame house plastered, and stable thereon—adjoining property of John Garver and Charles Hillegas, late the poperty of Nicholas Kegg, Esq., dec'd.

TERMS: Fifty dollars in hand on confirmation of sale, and the remainder the 1st of April next, after confirmation.

WILLIAM GILLESPIE,
Sept. 14, 1860. Adm'r. of N. Kegg, dec'd.

FOR SALE.

ONE lot of ground in the town of Clearville, Bedford County, Pa., fronting 60 feet on Main St., and extending back 178 feet to an alley, adjoining lot of B. A. Cooper on the West, and an alley on the East. The improvements are a good Frame Dwelling House and Log Stable.

ALSO,

Two Lots in the Town of Rushville, Jasper Co., Iowa, being lots Nos. 13 and 14 in Rail Road addition to said town.

For terms apply to the Editor of this paper.
Sept. 14, 1860.

PRUNES, 12½ to 28 cts. per lb. for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 20, 1860.

Notice of Inquisition.

WHEREAS Dr. William W. Reed late of South Woodberry Township, Bedford County, died seized of the following described Real Estate, to wit: four certain parcels or tracts of land, one thereof being the mansion tract containing one hundred and sixteen acres more or less, adjoining lands of George Replogle, Benjamin Yoters, Peter Rock and Abraham Eversole, also, one tract of Mountain land containing two hundred acres and allowance, adjoining land of David Snowberger, David Miller and others, also, one other tract of Mountain land, containing about forty-five acres, adjoining land of Jacob Working, Christian Coughenderfer and others, also, an interest of one third part of a tract of land containing fifty acres, adjoining lands of Benjamin Yoters and Frederick Stoler.

Leaving a widow, since deceased, and three sons to wit: Aaron Reed, William Reed and Nathan P. Reed, to whom after the death of the said widow he devised all his real estate to be equally divided among them.

Notice is therefore hereby given that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, to me directed I will proceed to hold an Inquisition or Valuation on said premises on Friday the 24 day of November 1860. When and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Sept. 28, 1860.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Peter Latshaw, late of Middle Woodbury Tp., dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate, are therefore notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against said estate, will present the same, properly authenticated for settlement.

ISAAC K. LATSHAW, Adm'r.
Sept. 28, 1860.-*

CHEAP GOODS.

THE subscriber, having purchased the store in Clearville, Bedford County, Pa., from Samuel & Simon Mixel, continues to occupy the old stand, where he keeps constantly on hand an excellent stock of *Dry Goods, Groceries and Queensware*, of all kinds, and at prices to suit the times. He respectfully solicits the public patronage.

ISAAC MIXEL.
Sept. 28, 1860.

GRAND MILITARY ENCAMPMENT.

GENERAL ORDER—NO 2.

Head Quarters, 1st Brigade, 16th Division P. U. V.

The several Companies, Staff Officers and all members of the 1st Brigade, 16th Division of Pennsylvania Volunteers, are hereby ordered to attend an Encampment known as "Camp Taylor" to be held in Bedford, commencing on Monday the 15th of October, 1860 and to continue six days.

Companies will supply themselves with Camp Kettles, as there are none to be had from the State. Refreshments can be purchased on the Camp Ground.

A cordial invitation is extended to all the neighboring military to participate with us; a soldiers welcome will greet you. Ample preparations are making for the comfort of all those who may be present. By order of

LEMUEL EVANS,
Brigadier General, 1st Brigade 16 Division, P. U. V.
ALEXANDER COMBERA, Aid-de-camp.
Evansville Sept. 7, 1860.-d

PUBLIC SALE OF GEORGE B. KAY'S REAL ESTATE IN HOPEWELL TOWNSHIP.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 15th of November, 1860, the following described real estate, viz:

The Mansion Tract

of said deceased containing 262½ acres, about 160 acres cleared and under fence, and in a high state of cultivation. The improvements are one new log frame house, bank barn, and the necessary out buildings. This farm is one of the best in Hopewell Township, being good limestone land and having three good springs and orchard thereon, 165 acres cleared.

ONE other tract containing 145 acres, and 132 perches, about 64 acres cleared and under fence.—The improvements are two Log Houses, two Stables and out buildings. There is a good spring on the premises, and also an orchard thereon. This is good land, and in good state of cultivation.

These lands are all in a good section of country, within a short distance of the Rail Road and at the door of a ready market all the time.

TERMS:

One-third to remain in property during lifetime of widow, the interest thereon payable to her annually, one-third in hand at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest. JAMES E. KAY,
Sept. 14, 1860.—ts. Trustee.

Public Sale of Real Estate.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale pursuant to the order of the Orphans' Court, on the premises, in West Providence Township, Bedford County, on Saturday the 10th day of November next, the following

REAL ESTATE,

late the property of James McDaniel, dec'd, viz: one tract of land, being unimproved, adjoining lands of — — Fetter, on the east, Frank Collaberger, on the west, Andrew Mortimore, on the North, and Joseph McDaniel's Heirs on the South, containing one hundred acres more or less.

Also, one other tract of unimproved land adjoining the mansion property and lands of Daniel Snider, David Stockman and others, and, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

Also, the mansion place of said dec'd, adjoining lands of Daniel Snider, Wilson McDaniel, Jacob Steele, John Calhoun and others, containing about one hundred and seventy five acres, one hundred acres cleared and under fence, 6 or 8 of which are meadow, balance well timbered. The improvements are a two story log dwelling house, with kitchen attached, also, a smoke house, spring house, and log stable with threshing floor. There is also, an apple orchard on the premises, and a good spring at the door of the dwelling. The property is situated five miles south of Bloody Run, on the road to Clearville.

The sale will commence at one o'clock on said day, at which time the terms will be made known.

JOSEPH McDANIEL,
Oct. 5, 1860. Adm'r.

$200 REWARD.

A REWARD of two hundred dollars will be given for the apprehension and conviction of the person, or persons, guilty of setting fire to the stables recently burned in the Borough of Bedford.

By order of the Council.

JOHN H. RUSH,
Attest. C. Burgess.
H. NICODEMUS, Sect'y.
Sept. 7, 1860.

ALL kinds of Groceries just received, and for sale cheap, at Shoemaker's cheap store, No. 1, Anderson's Row.
June 29, 1860.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; 5 Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clearville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.
Sept. 28, 1860.

Public Sale of Real Estate IN NAPIER TOWNSHIP.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, acting Executor of Thomas McCreary, late of Napier Township, dec'd, will expose to public sale upon the premises, the real estate of said dec'd, on Thursday the 18th day of October next.

Said estate consists of four tracts, viz:

The Mansion tract, containing 409 acres, about 125 acres cleared and under fence, with two log houses and log barn barn thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon, situate on the head waters of Dunning's creek, and having a good spring of water on the premises, adjoining lands of Geo. N. Ellis, Emanuel Weaver, Joseph Black, Wm Wolf and others.

ALSO, One other tract, containing one hundred and fifty four acres, about 50 acres cleared; the improvements are a log house and log barn, and a small young orchard, adjoining the above on Dunning's creek; this tract, as well as the above, contains good meadow land.

ALSO, One other tract containing 115 acres, adjoining the above, and having thereon erected a log house and log barn. This tract contains a good apple orchard; also a spring of water near the house, and good meadow land.

ALSO, One other tract adjoining the above, and, containing about 63 acres, about 40 of which are cleared. The improvements are a log house, log barn, apple orchard, &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
TERMS made known on day of sale.

HENRY TAYLOR,
Acting Ex'or of Thomas McCreary, dec'd.

NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary, on the last will and Testament of Henry Weaverling, late of West Providence Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said Township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted, to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY WEAVERLING,
Sept. 21, 1860. Executrix.

MACARONI Cheese, Crackers, crystalized fruit and gum candies, for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH,
July 20, 1860.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to
EXPEL THE DOUBTS OF ALL.

For Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and recommend it for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it, unite, in testifying that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to any age, as well as restore. Read the the following:—

Oak Grove, S. C, June 24, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir:—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to lay prejudice aside, and give your Hair Restorative a perfect test:—

During the year 1854, I was so unfortunate as to be thrown from my sulky against a rock near the roadside, from which my head received a most terrible blow; causing a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the time I first discovered its dropping, however, up to the time of its total disappearance, I employed everything I could think of, being a professional man myself, and, as I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced.

These and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe, produced a very happy result; two months after the first application, I had as beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for which I certainly owe you my most sincere thanks. Rest assured, dear sir, I shall recommend your remedy to all inquirers; moreover, I shall use my influence, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little.

You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, very respectfully.
M. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian,
Philippi, Va., Dec. 12, 1858.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure, to state to you the following circumstance, which you can use as you think proper. A gentleman of this place, (a lawyer,) has been bald ever since his early youth, so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig. He was induced to use a bottle of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and as he is very well known in our adjoining counties, many persons can testify to the truth of this statement; I give it to you at the request of Mr. Bradford. You can sell a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this and the adjoining counties if you have the proper agents. Yours, &c.,

THOMPSON SURGHNOR.

DR. WOOD: Dear Sir: Permit me to express the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color; about the time of my arrival in the United States it was rapidly becoming gray, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it soon recovered its original hue. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite efficacious as well as agreeable.

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz; large, medium and small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent more in proportion, and retails for three dollars per bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
August 3, 1860.-3m

NOTICE To School Directors and Teachers.

THE examination of Teachers and the renewing of certificates will take place in the several townships as follows, to wit: in Cumberland Valley, at May's school house on September the 22d; in Harrison, at Comp's school house on the 24th; in Londonderry, at Bridgeport on the 25th; in Juniata, at Buenavista on the 26th; in Schellsburg and Napier at Schellsburg on the 27th; in St. Clair, at Eight Square on the 28th; in Union, at Mowry's Mill on the 29th; in Hopewell, at Dashers on Oct. 1st; in Broad Top, at Hopewell on the 2d; in Liberty, at Stonerstown on the 3d; in Middle Woodberry, at Woodberry on the 4th; in South Woodberry, at Enterprise on the 5th; in Snake Spring, at Hartley's on the 6th; in Bedford township at Bedford on the 10th; in West Providence, at Bloody Run on the 11th; in East Providence, at Housholder's on the 12th; in Monroe, at Clearville on the 15th; in Colerain, at Kalnsburg on the 16th; and in Bedford Borough, on the 20th.

The above examinations to commence at nine o'clock A. M.

Teachers and Directors should be punctual at the hour appointed—as we wish to see all the Directors on the day of examination, in their respective townships; we therefore earnestly request them all to be present.

All County Certificates, *issued since the last regular township examinations*, are hereby rendered null.

Teachers are requested to bring their certificates with them, as the former Superintendent has failed to furnish us with the Duplicates of the same.

GEO. SIGAFOOS,
Sept. 14, 1860. County Superintendent.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

WE would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally, that we have now in store and offer wholesale and retail, at the lowest cash prices, a large and very choice stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, of every variety and style.

Every description of DIAMOND WORK and other Jewelry made to order, at short notice. ☞All goods warranted to be as represented.

N. B.—Particular attention given to the repairing of Watches and Jewelry of every description.

STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 Market St., south side, Philadelphia.
Sept. 7, 1860.-3m

NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned have just received their usual supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

and would respectfully invite all in search of real bargains, to call and examine their stock and prices.

All kinds of Country Produce will be received for Goods, at cash prices.

TERMS.—Six months credit. Prompt settlements required by cash or note every January. This system has given our customers every satisfaction, and sustained by their kind and continued patronage, we shall adhere to this rule strictly.

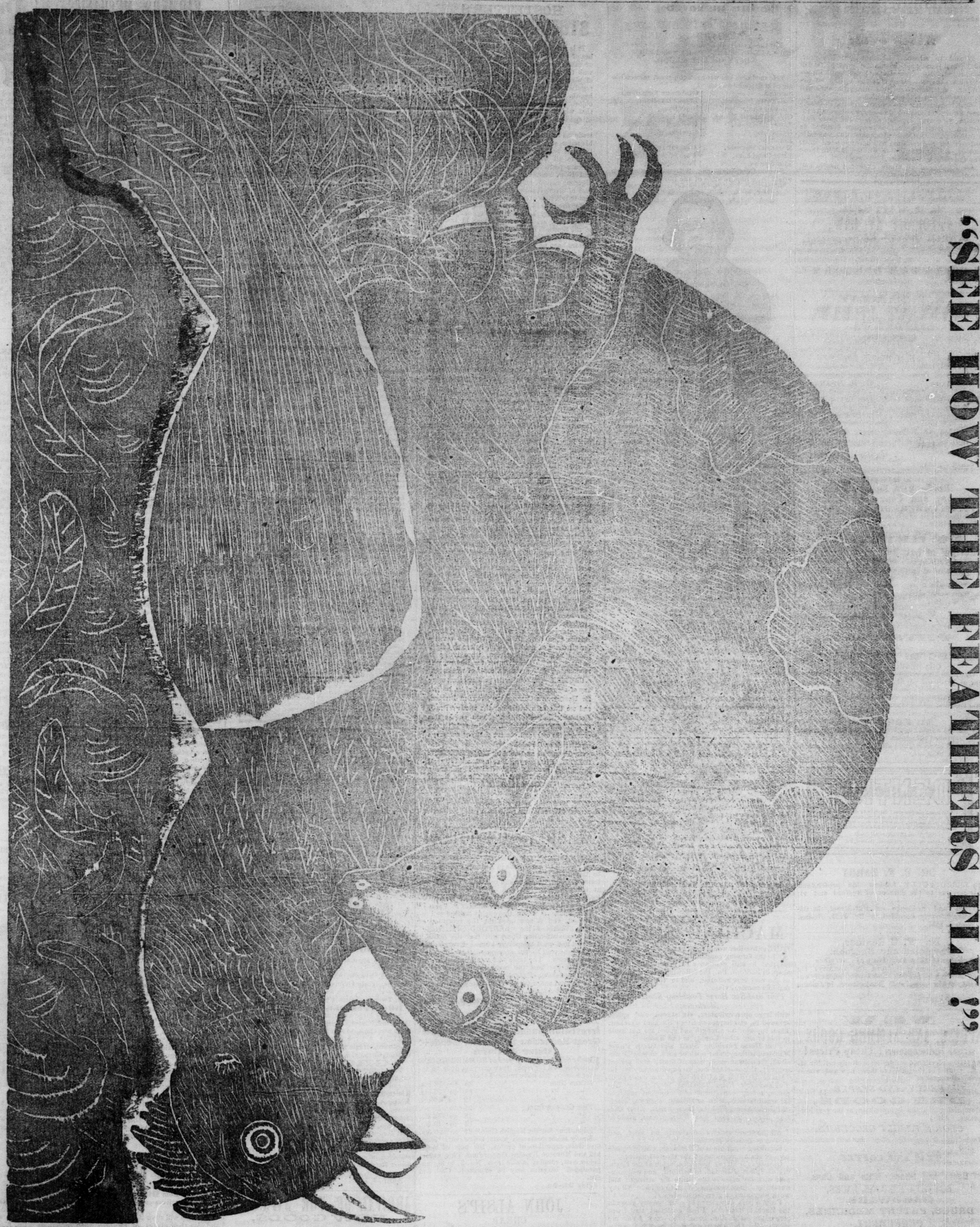
A. B. CRAMER & CO.
May 18, 1860.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Napier Township, upon the Estate of John Ellis, late of said township, deceased, he calls upon all persons indebted to come forward and make payment immediately, and all having claims against the estate, are requested to make the same properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY TAYLOR,
Aug. 24, 1860. Adm'r.

STILL CHEAPER, only 18¾ per doz. for good Mackeral, at OSTER & CARN'S.
May 4, 1860



"SEE HOW THE FEATHERS FLY!"

This is the "same old Coon" of 1840 and 1844 come to life again.

Pennsylvania has elected a Republican Governor, a Republican Congressional Delegation, a Republican Legislature, which secures the triumph of a Republican President. "The sober second thought of the people is always right and ever efficient!" Pennsylvania no longer a doubtful State!

$50 REWARD.

WAS stolen from the subscriber, on the night of the 22d inst. from the stable of David Sherbondy, about one mile west of Springfield in Fayette County, a bright bay horse, about 15½ hands high—two white feet behind, black legs, main and tail, tail long, had a small blemish on the off fore foot in front on the pasture or fetlock joint, the skin being slightly puffed, not laying like the other, entirely solid; had rather a heavy eye, thin main where collar rubs and short foretop—is a fine figure and moves prettily in harness.

Thirty dollars will be paid by the subscriber for the recovery of horse and twenty for recovery of thief. Address, FRANKLIN TAYLOR

Oct. 5, 1860. Londongrove, Chester Co. Pa.

SAVE COSTS.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Samuel Brown, dec'd, by Book account or otherwise are requested to make payment on or before the 1st day of November next; all neglecting to do so, will find their accounts in the hands of a proper officer for collection, without respect of persons. The Books and Notes will remain the hands of John Arnold up to that date.

MARY W. BROWN, Executrix.

P. S. Persons in want of choice fruit trees can be supplied by calling on the subscriber.

Oct. 5, 1860. MARY W. BROWN,

Orphans' Court Sale

OF A VALUBBLE FARM.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, will sell at Public Sale on Thursday, the 25th day of October, next, at 10 o'clock P. M., on the premises, all that valuable farm late the residence of Abraham Lingenfelter, dec'd. situate in Napier Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of Blackburn's heirs, Fred. Miller, Mahlon Blackburn and Lloyd Lunds, containing 232 acres, and allowance patented land, more or less, about 125 acres cleared and under cultivation with 20 acres meadow, having thereon erected two log houses and double log barn; also, thereon an apple orchard, and an abundance of good water. This property is in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to church, schools and market. Terms will be made known on day of sale. DAVID LINGENFELTER,

Sept 1860. 28, Adm'r.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the last will &c., of Christian Blattenberger, late of St. Clair Township, dec'd having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith for settlement.

JACOB CROYLE.

Oct. 5, 1860, Executor.

ATTENTION, RIFLEMEN!

YOU are hereby ordered to parade at the Court House, in Bedford, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of OCTOBER, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in citizen's dress, for the purpose of erecting tents, and making other arrangements for the coming encampment.

By order of the Capt.

G. W. STIFFLER, O. S.

Sept. 28, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration, having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Richard Luman, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate, are notified to make payment immediately and those having claims will present them forthwith for settlement to Wm. Gillan residing in said township.

JOHN LUMAN,

Residing in Allegheny township Somerset Co.

Oct. 5, 1860.

A lot of pure Maple Sugar, for sale by

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

July 20, 1860.

Every Day Brings Something New!

ANOTHER NEW FIRM!

FERGUSON & LINE,

AT the former stand of Ferguson & Manspeaker, are now ready to wait on old customers as well as new. They expect to sell very low for cash and produce, or to those who will "foot up" every six months. Their Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and all other goods usually kept in stores, have been carefully selected, and bought at prices enabling them to sell at reduced rates.

Their *Shoe Department* contains every variety of Shoes and Boots, for Men, Woman and Children.

They invite a fair share of patronage from their friends and the public, and particularly solicit the trade of their country friends, expecting to deal fairly with them and all others, at ONE PRICE for everybody.

Sept. 7, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber upon the estate of Jonathan Horton, late of Bedford Borough dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated to the subscriber at Bedford.

OLIVER HORTON,

Administrator of the Estate of J. Horton, dec'd.

Oct. 5, 1860.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 25th day of October, inst., a tract of land containing eighty acres, more or less, about twenty acres under cultivation, having a two story log house and log barn thereon erected; there is a young apple orchard on the premises and good running water at the door, being the property of Geo. N. Davis late dec'd, adjoining lands of Ellis Rodgers, Stephen Wonders, Jonathan Bomgardner and others, situate in Napier Township, Bedford County. There is also a good sugar camp on the premises, and twenty five acres at least of meadow can be made. The sale will begin at 10 o'clock A. M., when terms of sale will be made known.—Persons desiring to purchase, will find this a very desirable property and are invited to attend.

GEORGE N. ELLIS,

Sept. 21, 1860. Adm'r of Geo. N. Smith.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Worman Johnson, late of Southampton Township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN MORS,

Sept. 21, 1860, Adm'r.

GRAND OPENING OF NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS

AT

CHEAP SIDE, BEDFORD, PENN'A.

THE undersigned have just opened a large and handsome line of new and fashionable DRESS GOODS, Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, ready made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Glass, China and Queensware, Fresh Groceries, Spices, &c. which for quality and price cannot be surpassed in Bedford.

Having been selected from the houses in Philadelphia, and purchased at very low prices, we will engage to sell as low as the lowest for cash or produce only. Please call and examine our stock before purchasing. No trouble to show goods.

OSTER & CARN.

Oct. 5, 1860.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Alexander George, late of East Providence Township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said Township, all persons indebted to said estate are therefore notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith for settlement.

SIMON NYCUM,

Sept. 7, 1860.—* Adm'r.

THE INQUIRER
Is published every Friday morning, in Juliana Street, in the brick building, opposite the "Mengel House," by
DAVID OVER.
TERMS:
If paid in advance, $1.50; within the year, $2.00; and if not paid within the year, $2.50 will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be regarded as a new engagement.
Advertisements not exceeding a square, (10 lines,) inserted three times for $1—every subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Longer ones in the same proportion. Each fraction of a square counted as a full square. All advertisements not specially ordered for a given time will be continued until forbid. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.
Job Printing of all kinds executed neatly and promptly and on reasonable terms.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

G. H. GAITHER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Bedford, Pa.
WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt Street, three doors east of the Bedford Hotel. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him.
Nov. 4, 1859.

R. D. BARCLAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.,
WILL attend promptly and faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care.
☞Office on Juliana Street, in the building formerly occupied by S. M. Barclay, Esq., dec'd.
March 26, 1858.

JOB MANN, G. H. SPANG.
LAW PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves in the Pratice of the Law, and will promptly attend to al business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.
☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of Mengel oHuse and opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.
MANN & SPANG
June 1,—1854. tf

D. S. RIDDLE,
Formerly of Bedford, Pa.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
13. CHAMBERS ST. NEW YORK.
All business promptly attended to.
Dec. 3, 1858.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,
WILL attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.
Will practice in Bedford and Fulton Counties.
☞Office in Juliana Street, one door North of the "Inquirer" office.
Dec. 24, 1858.

W. J. Mullin M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND DENTIST,
SCHELLSBURG, PENN'A.
OFFERS his services to the Public in the practice of Medicine. Will attend promptly to all cates entrusted to his care.
He will also perform all operations on the teeth in a neat and scientific manner.
Teeth plugged and inserted from a single tooth to
An Entire Set,
Mounted on gold or silver plate, on the latest and most approved principles.
TERMS *moderate*, and all operations *warranted*.
April 8, 1859.-tf.

DENTIST.
C. N. HICKOK.
Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.
Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.
☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.
Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

DR. B. F. HARRY
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.
Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffns.
Nov. 6, 1857.

Dr. F. C Reamer,
Physician and Surgeon.
Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. He may always be found (unless professionally engaged, at his Drug and Book Store, in Juliana St.
Feb. 19, 1857.

NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
Great Inducements! Cheap Prices!
THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public to their new and extensive assortment of
FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
Comprising all styles and qualities, at the very low prices. Also,
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
Including a fine selection of genuine and unadulterated
TEAS AND COFFEE.
ALSO,
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
BONNETS, RIBBONS, LACES,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY,
AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
FANCY GOODS.
ALSO,
All descriptions of Leather for sale.
From our long experience, and the superior facilities we enjoy for purchasing, we can offer extra inducements, and feel satisfied that all who favor us with a trial will receive satisfaction, both as regards the quality of our goods and prices. Country produce and Tan Bark will be taken in exchange for Goods and Leather.
S. & W. SHUCK.
May 18, 1860.

GREAT BARGAINS!
TO make room for fall goods, during this month we will sell every description of Summer Goods at cost, for *cash*. Superior French and English Lawns, at half price, and many other goods suitable for Summer use. Call and see.
July 13, 1860. A. B. CRAMER, & CO.

ALL kinds of Groceries just received, and for sale cheap, at Shoemaker's cheap store, No. 1. Anderson's Row.
June 29, 1860.

PRUNES, 12½ to 28 cts. per lb. for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 20, 1860.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED
BLOOD SEARCHER,
A STANDARD MEDICINE
For the speedy, radical, and effectual cure of ALL DISEASES arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This medicine has wrought the most miraculous cures in desperate cases of

Scrofula,	Cancerous formations
Cutaneous Diseases,	Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the face,	Sore Eyes,
Old, Stubborn Ulcers,	Scald Head.
Tetter affections,	Rheumatic Disorders,
Dyspepsia,	Costiveness,
Jaundice,	Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,	General Debility,
Liver Complaint,	Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,	Foul Stomach,

Female Complaints, and all Diseases having their origin in an impure state of the Blood.

The above is a portrait of David McCreary, o, Napier township, who, on the 31st day of August 1858, made affidavit before Justice Gorley that he was treated for the cure of Cancer by three physicians of Bedford County, and by Dr. Newton of the Eclectic College in Cincinnati, for a period of nearly eight months, notwithstanding which, his *lip, nose, and a portion of his left cheek were entirely eaten away!* He had given up all hope, when he heard of the "Blood Searcher," and was induced to try it. Four bottles cured him, and although sadly disfigured, there is no question but what this invaluable medicine saved his life. The full particulars of this remarkable case may be seen in a circular, which can be had of any of the Agents.

We also refer to the case of Nancy Blakney, of E derton, Armstrong county, Pa., cured of Scrofula after being unable to get out of bed for three years.

To the case of a lady in Ansonville, Clearfield county, who was also afflicted with Scrofula in its worst form.

To the case of George Meisel, residing in Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pa., who was so badly afflicted with Cancer that it eat his entire nose off and his case was worse, if possible, than McCreary's.

The particulars of these cases—every one of which was cured by the use of the Blood Searcher—may also be found in a circular to be had of any of the Agents.

R. M. LEMON, Proprietor.

Laboratory for the manufacture and sale, near Penna. Railroad Depot, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

For sale by H. C. Reamer, Bedford; G. D. Trout, Alum Bank; John G. Schell, Pleasantville; L. N Fyan, West End P. Office; Frederick Corl, Marietta; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; Jacob Baird, Barndollors Mills; N. Koons, Willow Grove; John Bowser, Bowser's Mill, A.C. Evans, Rainsburg; B. F. Horn & Bro., Schellsburg; Hilligas & Mowry, Buena Vista; John Wayde, New Paris; Ritchey & Ramsey, Bloody Run; Piper & Scott, Pattonsville; David Beegle, Waterstreet; Wm. J. Galbraith, Woodberry; G. D. Kauffman, Flitchville; all of Bedford County.
Dec. 16, 1859.

MENGEL HOUSE,
JULIANA STREET,
BEDFORD, PA.
THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.
He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Spring, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.
Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.
Boarders will be received on favorable terms.
ISAAC MENGEL, JR.
April 13, 1860.

BEDFORD
MACHINE SHOP!
THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:
Four and Six Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines,
with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superior for strength and speed are not made in this or any other County in the State.
Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap Power Machine, with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working, this machine has no superior any where. THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind. *Two and three Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines*, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers, *single and double Shovel Ploughs, Horse Rakes, Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows and Wheelbarrows*, made to order.
All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.
Repairing of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.
Castings for all my Machines, made at the Foundry of Shires & Jordan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability. Blacksmithing done to order. All my work warranted to give satisfaction.
From a past experience of over twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.
Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.
PETER H. SHIRES,
June 1, 1860.-6m. *Machinist.*

Executor's Notice.
WHEREAS letters testamentary, on the estate of Nathan Hammond, late of St. Clair Township, Bedford County, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers: notice is therefore hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately, and those having claims will make known the same, without delay, to
AMY DERRIN, Ex'x, residing in St. Clair Tp.,
JOHN MOWER, Ex'or, in Bedford.
August 17, 1860.

FOR GOOD SHOES,
GO to OSTER & CARN, they have just received a second supply of D. R. KING & Co.'s city made, Ladies, Misses and Childrens' fine shoes, with and without Heels.
July 13, 1860.-2m.

EXTRA good white wine vinegar, the best pickling vinegar in use, at
OSTER & CARN'S
July 27, 1860.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.
IT is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.
For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nauses, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.
Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.
FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.
For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and, before so doing, should ask their physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtue of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.
CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.
☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America, and Germany.
Agents for Bedford County: B. F. Harry, H C. Reamer, Bedford; John F. Lowry, Hopewell; E. B. Ramsy, Bloody Run; John Nycum, Fairview.
Nov. 4, 1859.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
BEDFORD, PA.
MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased for a term of years, the large and convenint brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana Streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOTEL," and lately kept by Mrs. Cook.
This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS," and persons attending Court will find the house a pleasant and quiet temporary home. Every attention will be paid to the accommodation and comfort of guests The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges will be moderate. Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance.
Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.
March 30, 1860.

Irresistible Inducements to Purchase!
Great Reduction in Summer Goods!!
Oster & Carn,
Prefer selling off every yard of SUMMER GOODS below cost for cash, than carrying over to another season, and have reduced their

Lawns from		25 to	18 cts.
"	"	18 to	12 cts.
"	"	12 to	10 cts.
Fine Challies from		25 to	18 cts.
"	" "	18 to	12 cts.
"	" "	12 to	10 cts.
Supr. four-fourths English Chintz		31 to	20 cts.

Ready made coats and vests below cost. Summer Hats, regardless of profits, 100 pair of ladies kid and Morocco Buskins slippers and Ties, at and below cost, running in size from No. 2, to 3½; unparalleled bargains may be expected. Call and see.
July 20,-2m.

JOHN ALSIP'S
CHEAP
CASH AND PRODUCE STORE
Opposite the "Union Hotel," Bedford, Pa.
"Quick Sales and Small Profits."
DRY GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Groceries of all Kinds and Quality,
QUEENSWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES,
AND IN SHORT—EVERY THING ELSE WHICH IS USUALLY KEPT BY MERCHANTS, AND WHICH HE WILL SELL *"Cheaper than the Cheapest."*
July 6, 1860.

Paper Hanging and Painting.
THE subscriber wishes to inform the public that he intends carrying on the Paper Hanging and Painting business, in Bedford, and vicinity. He will put out work, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
He has a sample book of all kinds of wall paper, which can be seen at his office, and paper can be had from him at city prices.
He may be seen at the old INQUIRER office.
April 6, 1860.
SAMUEL RADEBAUGH.

BLASTING Powder, and safety fuse, for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 20, 1860.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.
The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.
The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.
No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Griping, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Failing, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.
In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases, the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.
Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.
In all chronic diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Female Debility, and Irregularities, old Headaches, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles or Catarrh, Headache or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICE.

Case of 20 vials complete, in morocco, and Book	$5
Case of 20 vials, and Book, plain	4
Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book	2
Case of 6 boxes, numbered, and Book	1
Single numbered boxes, with directions	25 cents.
Single lettered boxes, with directions	50 cents.
Large case of 2 oz. vials, for planters and physicians	$15

ALSO SPECIFICS.
FOR ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC.—Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, attended with Cough and Expectoration. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR EAR DISCHARGES AND DEAFNESS.—Discharges from the Ear, the result of Scarlet Fever, Measles, or Mercurials. For Noises in the Head, Hardness of Hearing, and Ringing in the Ear, and Ear-ache. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SCROFULA.—Enlarged Glands, Enlarged and Indurated Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers, Scrofulous Cachexy of Children. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR GENERAL DEBILITY.—Physical or Nervous Weakness, Either the result of Sickness, Excessive Medication, or Exhausting Discharges. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR DROPSY.—Fluid Accumulations, Tumid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEA-SICKNESS.—Deathly Sickness, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting. Sickness from riding or motion. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR URINARY DISEASES.—For Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult, Painful Urination, Diseases of the Kidneys. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEMINAL EMISSIONS.—Involuntary Discharges and Consequent Prostration and Debility, Bad Results of Evil Habits. The most successful and efficient remedy known, and may be relied upon as a cure. Price, with full directions, $1 per box.
Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care, or to seek advice of Prof. HUMPHREYS, can do so, at his office 562 Broadway, daily from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. or by letter.

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.
Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps by mail to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.
AGENTS WANTED.—We desire an active, efficient Agent for the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States. Address DR. F. HUMPHREYS & Co.
No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Sold by H. C. Reamer.
May 4, 1860.

GOOD NEWS.
THE TRAIN HAS ARRIVED!
J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO.,
HAVE just received a large and carefully selected Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
which they are determined to sell cheap, consisting in part of Black and Fancy Silks, Bombazines, Delaines, Shawls, Calicoes, Flannels, Ginghams, Muslins, White Goods, &c. ALSO, Men's Wear of all descriptions, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Cord Drillings, Clothing, &c.
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS.
A very large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes, all prices, sizes and qualities; and Hats and Caps, to suit all.
ALSO, A large assortment of Queensware, and Hardware, Single and Double Carpet chain, Fleece Cotton, Carpets, &c.
GROCERIES!
This department is supplied with the very choicest articles that can be had in market, and as cheap as can be had anywhere, consisting in part of prime Rio Coffee, Sugar, all kinds and prices, Syrup and Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Rice, Tobacco, Segars; Corn Starch, Dye Stuffs, Cocoa, Starch, Cheese, Ginger, Candles, Mustard, Paints and Oils, Turpentine, Fish, &c., &c., Thankful for past favors they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
To Cash Buyers and to persons of undoubted standing, who are willing to settle once a year.—Great Bargains will be given. Call and see.
J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO.
April 13, 1860.

ARRIVAL OF THE JAPANESE.
NEW GOODS,
AT
JACOB REED & CO.'S,
Bedford, Pa.,
WE would inform our friends and customers, that we have just received from the eastern cities, a large and well selected stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
which they are determined to sell at the lowest 'living' prices. All kinds of summer wear, from the finest to the commonest, ladies' dress goods of every description, fancy goods, and everything usually kept in dry goods stores, (and, perhaps, something besides) groceries, queensware, &c. &c., can now be found at their store in every variety and assortment.
THEIR SHOE DEPARTMENT,
is well supplied with the best stock that can be obtained. For style as well as durability, they cannot be surpassed in this line.
TERMS: Cheap for cash, or approved country produce, or six months credit to punctual dealers. Give us a call, and you shall be waited upon with pleasure.
June 1, 1860.

JUST received a large lot of pure white lead and Lindseed Oil, at H. C. Reamer's Drug Store.
April 13, 1860.

A large assortment of Clothing for sale cheap, at Shoemaker's store.

FARMERS, MECHANICS,
AND ALL,
LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,
AND CALL AT
OSTER & CARN'S
Cheap Store.
WE have the pleasure to announce to our friends and customers, that we are now receiving a very large and beautiful stock of New and cheap
Spring and Summer Goods,
comprising Medium styles, gay and plain,
Dress Goods,
In part Silk Foulards, poil de cberve's, Mohair Plaids, Ristoria Cloth, Poplins, Lustres, Brilliantes, Challie de Laines, Pongees, Chintzes, Lawns, Lavellas, De Lains at 10, 12, 15, 18 and 25 cts., Mohair, De Berge at 10, 12 and 15 cts., Stella Shawls at $1.50, worth $2.00, Calicoes, for the million at 5 6, 8, 9, 10, and 12 cts, Piles of Muslins by the piece and yard at 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 12 cts. Something new in Ginghams, at 10, 12 and 14 cts., Pantaloon Stuff at 10, 12, 15 and 18 cts, Cloth, Cassimers and Tweeds, Cassinetts and Jeans all colors, Silk, Satin and Marseilles vestings, Cottonades, Linen ducks and drillings, Gent's new Styles, Shirts, Collars, Stocks, neck Ties, Hosiery, Gloves, Hdkfs &c., Marseilles and Linen Shirt fronts, Fine Shirt fronts at 12½ cts., warranted not all linen, Ready Made Clothing, elegant vests from 62½ cts., up, Coats 87½ cts., up.
Hats and Caps,
For the million, from 10 cts., up, Bonnets. Bloomers, and Shakers, Ribbons, Ruches and Flowers, very cheap.
BOOTS and SHOES,
Cheap as the cheapest.
Glass, china and Queensware,
FRESH SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,
Superior Green and Black Teas, prime Rio, Laguayra and Ceara Coffee, nice brown Sugar at 8, 9, and 10 cts., White Crushed at 12½ cts., Baking Molasses at 10 and 12½ cts.. per quart, best Golden Syrup at 18 and 20 per quart. Bakers Cocoa, Corn Starch, extracts for flavoring and spices of all kinds.
We invite every person to call and see. No trouble to show goods.
TERMS: Prompt settlement by cash, produce or note, every January.
Bedford, April 27, 1860.

MOFFAT'S
Vegetable Life Medicines.
A mild yet effectual medicine, composed of the best material known to medical science, for the cleansing of the alimentary canal and relieving the springs and avenues of life of all morbid obstructions and impurities, must be a public blessing and a domestic and individual protection and safeguard, in proportion as it becomes known. Such a medicine the families of the United States have long had in MOFFAT'S CELEBRATED LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS, and the good they have done is inestimable. They have won their high fame and firmly established character by their virtues alone, without the aid of the usual arts of notority or impudent experiment on the faith of the credulous.
In all general derangments of the digestive and alimentary functions, as well as in a vast variety of acute and chronic diseases, their effects are prompt and complete as to excite astonishment.
In rheumatism, settled pain in the organs and limbs, costiveness, piles, liver compiaints, jaundice, nervous and bilious attacks, headaches, fever and ague, eruptive diseases, bad aspect of the complexion, indigestion and flatulency, cholics, affections of the bladder and kidneys, dropsy, asthma and bronchitis, rheumatic colds and sore throats, and indeed in almost every conceivable kind of ill health they are invaluable, and will afford certain, and most generally permanent relief. They require neither confinement nor change of diet—they neither prostrate the strength nor give pain—and a more delightful and effectual medicine cannot be procured either for individuals or families.
The proprietor has received for many years and is continually receiving the most fervent and grateful testimonials of their value. Prepared and sold by DR. WM. B. MOFFAT, 335 Broadway, and also by the agents.
Feb. 17, 1860.

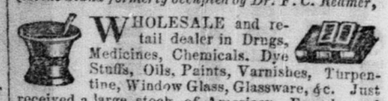
GROCERY
AND
CONFECTIONARY.
THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—
Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tarter, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
July 1, 1859.-zz

A MAP OF BEDFORD COUNTY.
I PROPOSE to make a directory Map of Bedford County from actual surveys, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be raised to warrant the undertaking.
The map will show the location of all the citizens and also their places of business such as stores, Post Offices, Hotels, Manufacturing establishments, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Shops, &c., also the location of all the public roads, boundary lines, streams, mountains, &c.
Maps of all the towns and large villages will be put on the same sheet, also statistical tables of the County, and (if taken in time) the census of 1860.
EDWD. L. WALKER.
P. S. I can furnish any one desirous of getting a map of the United States with a cheap and late edition.
July 1, 1859.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
LETTERS of administration on the estate of James M. Daniel, late of West Providence Township, Bedford County, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said Township, notice is therefore hereby given, to all persons, indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them forthwith for settlement.
JOSEPH M. DANIEL,
August 10, 1860. Adm'r.

SECOND ARIVAL OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!—J. M. Shoemaker & Co's. have Just Returned from the East, and are now receiving a very large and splendid stock of all kinds of goods, which they will sell cheap. Give them a call.
June 22, 1860.

Drugs and Books.
H. C. REAMER,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.,
(At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer,



WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Window Glass, Glassware, &c. Just received a large stock of American, French, and English perfumery. Also a great variety of fine Soaps for Toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonics, Hair Dyes, that will colour various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair. Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.,
Also, have and will keep constantly on hand a supply of Coal Oil. Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.
Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.
Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use will keep a full supply constantly on hand.
Also, dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religous, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Note and Receipts.
☞ Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.
☞ Physicians. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.
Dec. 9, 1859.

SPRING FASHIONS.
MRS. S. E. POTTS has returned from the cities, having completed her spring purchases, and is now prepared to offer extra inducements in the way of
Rich Fancy Goods.
Her stock consists of some rare styles and latest novelties of the season.
Silk and lace mantillas are composed of the newest styles of the season.
Crape de paris, dusters, rich silks, handsome ordigan, lawn robes.
Flounced summer silks, dress goods of all kinds.
STULLA SHAWLS,
black and colored center printed bordered stulla, brocha bordered stulla, printed chamois shawls, childrens capes, comprising of the largest assortment of shawls, straw goods, large stock of new styles of bonnets, straw and silk, English straw bonnets, braid bonnets, pamella bonnets, fancy straws, six hundred pieces of rich ribbons at 25 cts. per yard, purchased at auction and can be sold cheap, bonnet rushes, bonnet silk, mitts, kid gloves, hosiery, fans, soap and perfumery, fancy goods of all descriptions, dress trimmings, flats and hats, trimmed and untrimmed. She will be still adding to her large stock every week during the summer, new desirable and fashionable goods. Mourning dress goods and dusters to suit.
June 1, 1860.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE
business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.
They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.
A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.
GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.
Nov. 6, 1857.

Commonwealth Insurance Company,
UNION BUILDINGS, THIRD STREET,
HARRISBURG, PA.
CHARTERED CAPITAL, $300,000.
INSURE BUILDINGS AND OTHER PROPERTY AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY
FIRE.
ALSO
Against Perils of the Sea, Inland Navigation and Transportation.
Directors.
Simon Cameron, Geo. M. Lauman, Wm. Dock, Eli Slifer, James Fox, Geo. Bergner, Benj. Parke, Wm. H. Kepner, A. B. Warford, W. F. Murray, F. K. Boas, John H. Berryhill, Wm. F. Packer.
Officers.
SIMON CAMERON, Pres't. BENJ. PARKE, Vice Pres't.
S. S. CARRIER, *Secretary.*
J. W. LINGENFELTER, *Agent,* Bedford Pa.
Oct. 7, 1859.

JACOB REED. G. W. RUPP. JOHN J. SCHELL.
REED RUPP & SCHELL
Bankers, and Dealers in Exchange.
Bedford, Pa.
DRAFTS bought and sold, Collections made, and money promptly remitted.
Deposites solicited.
References: Hon. Job M